

Peoria Surgical Group, Ltd.
1001 Main St. Ste 300
Peoria IL, 61606
Ph: 309-495-0200
Fx: 309-676-5577

POST-OPERATIVE INSTRUCTIONS:

HERNIA SURGERY

Drain Care (if applicable)

- The nursing staff at the hospital should instruct you on drain care if you have a drain in place. Strip the drain tubing and measure the output as instructed every 8 hours.
- Record the amount of drainage from each drain and be sure to bring the record with you to your clinic visit. If the total amount of drainage out in a single drain is **<30cc/day**, contact the office and we will bring you in for removal prior to your scheduled appointment.
- Keep drain sites clean and dry. You may clean around the exit sites with hydrogen peroxide as there will be some crusting.
- If drain bulb is unable to maintain suction, please contact our office.

What should you expect and do after surgery?

- Go directly home after surgery
- Rest quietly for the first 24 hours following the surgery
- Arrange for a responsible person to stay with you overnight for your protection and safety.
- There are NO DIETARY RESTRICTIONS. You may not feel like eating for the first 24-48 hours. If so, start with a clear liquid diet for the first 24 hours (**soup, sport drinks, jell-o, and other clear liquids**). Progress to a more substantial diet as tolerated (**bananas, rice, applesauce, and toast**). Drink at least 8 glasses of nonalcoholic clear fluids daily. **Do not drink alcohol.**
- Start taking a **stool softener such as Colace (over the counter)**. Immediately following surgery: **100mg three times a daily until no longer taking pain medication**. You may

also use in conjunction with the stool softener Miralax: 1 cap full twice a day. If you do not have a bowel movement within 48 hours then you use Milk of Magnesia as directed

- You will have pain following your surgical procedure. **Take the pain medication regularly as directed by the physician, but DO NOT take more than directed.** This is intended for comfort to alleviate the pain, but will not relieve all the pain. **Do not take the pain medication without eating 20-30 minutes prior. DO NOT DRINK ALCOHOL WHILE TAKING THE PAIN MEDICATION.**
- You may shower after 24 hours of surgery. Take care in being gentle when cleaning over any surgical areas. Towel dry completely and place bandages if necessary to surgical sites. Do not soak incision sites.
- Change the bandage (if dressing is in place) after the first 24 hours. Wash hands before touching your incision(s). Clean the incision with soap and water. Do not apply antibiotic creams to the incisions. Apply clean dressing if needed for comfort. **If steri-strips (strips of tape used to close the incision and help it to heal) were used on your incision, do not pull them off.** They should fall off on their own.
- Return to limited activity (no running, pushing, pulling, lifting, or straining) after the first 24 hours. The earlier you are up walking and moving the better you will feel, and the quicker you will recover.
- Resume all home medications, unless otherwise directed by the physician.

What should you NOT do after surgery?

- You have had general anesthesia, so it may take a day or more to fully recover. For the first 24-48 hours following surgery: **do not drive, do not operate heavy machinery**
- **DRIVING IS PROHIBITED WHILE TAKING PAINS MEDICATIONS**
- **NO LIFTING** over 10-15 pounds, or preform any strenuous activity for at least 2 weeks.
- Do not have sexual intercourse for at least 1 week or until the physician releases you to do so

If you experience the following symptoms:

- **BLEEDING:** You will have some bleeding for the first 24-48 hours. On some occasions you can see the blood through the bandages. If you have blood running from under the bandage, apply pressure to the outside of the bandage for at least 5 minutes. Change the dressing if it continues to bleed. Continue to apply pressure. Call the office if the bleeding does not slow or stop after 30 minutes.

- **BRUISING OR SWELLING:** This is normal. Anytime you have trauma to the body the natural response is bruising and swelling. You may apply ice to the surgical area for 30 minutes to 1 hour on and then 30 minutes to 1 hour off for 24-48 hours. **DO NOT APPLY ICE TO BARE SKIN. WRAP ICE/ICE PACK IN CLOTH OR PLACE OUTSIDE OF CLOTHING.**
 - **INGUINAL HERNIA REPAIR:** You may experience swelling and bruising in your groin and testicles, and possibly to your thighs. This can persist for approximately 1-2 week. **Follow applying ice instructions above.**

- **NAUSEA AND/OR VOMITING:** Often, the pain medication is the cause for nausea/vomiting. It is very important to eat something before taking the pain medication. This will help to minimize or eliminate the problem. Another common cause is anesthesia. This will normally last only 24 hours. Try clear liquid diet for first 24 hours, and limit the pain medication until this problem is resolved. If this problem persists for more than 24 hours, please notify our office for further instructions.

- **REDNESS AROUND THE INCISION:** Your incision may have some redness and swelling following surgery. Notify our office if continued swelling and redness occurs. **Notify our office if you have red streaks from your incision.**

- **DRAINAGE AROUND THE INCISION:** You may have some clear drainage or sometimes light bloody color drainage, which is normal. If the drainage is thick, has color or odor to it, you need to notify our office. In order to prevent this, clean the incision daily with soap and water, and apply a clean dressing.

- **CONSTIPATION:** Most often, this is a direct result of the pain medication. As a precaution, you should start taking a stool softener immediately following surgery. **COLACE** (over the counter): 100 mg twice daily. Drink at least 8 glasses of nonalcoholic clear liquid fluids daily. You may also use in conjunction with the stool softener Miralax: 1 cap full twice a day. If you do not have a bowel movement within 48 hours then use Milk of Magnesia as directed. Walking can help relieve constipation.

- **TEMPERATURE OF 101.0 OR HIGHER:** Try Tylenol, Motrin, or Ibuprofen. You may alternate Tylenol and Motrin every 4 hours. If your temperature does not come down after 8 hours, call the office for assistance.

- **URINATING:** **Call your physician if you are unable to urinate immediately!**